



Top 5 Takeaways From the Arbitration SBREFA Panel for the Debt Collection Industry

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Rulemaking Timeframe

SBREFA PANEL **CONVENED**

- SERs Notified
- SER Meeting with SBREFA Panel
- SER Written Material Submission
- Panel Report

Publish Proposed Rule

- Proposed Rule Published
- SBREFA Panel Report made public
- Notice and Comment Period
- CFPB Receives and Reviews Public Comment.

FINAL RULE

- FINAL RULE ISSUED
- Effective Date
- Must Comply with Rule (180 days passes from effective date)

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Timing & Information CFPB Provides to SERs

- SERS are selected and receive initial e-mail communications regarding the SBREFA process received
- Documents Released Publicly and to SERS
 - Outline of proposals
 - Potential prepared remarks/hearing
 - Fact sheets
 - Any studies conducted (like the arbitration study)
 - List of discussion questions
- Introductory Phone Call with SERs
- Materials Discussion Phone Call with SERs
- SER Meeting with Panel to Answer Discussion Questions
- SER Written Materials Due

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Why Is This Important?

- Initial opportunity to shape the rulemaking process and propose alternatives
- SERs play an important role in recalibrating regulators' proposed rules
- A non-related entity, the Small Buisness Administration, can help advance the SERS comments and alternatives on the SER's behalf
- The proposed rules and discussion points released in advance of the SBREFA panel are good benchmarks for the entire industry and should be thoroughly reviewed
- SERs need data and information from other industry members
- SERs can attach letters, data, reports, etc. from other industry members to any written submission
- Written submission is part of the public record
- Only the information in the public record can be used to challenge a final rule

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CFPB Debt Collection Rulemaking Predictions

- Documentation requirements
 - Similar to CA's Debt Buyer requirements & potential ban on debt resale
- Validation requirements
 - Similar to NY's substantiation requirements
- Sample initial validation notice
- Call frequency rules
 - similar to NYC, WV, MA or state-based call restrictions
- References to emerging technology
- Out of statute debt
 - Disclosures, additional restrictions and possible ban
- First party rules that may be issued after the third party regulations

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5 Takeaways from Debt Collector SERS for Future SBREFA Panelists

- 1. Consistent Messaging
- 2. Challenge Underlying Assumptions
- 3. Propose Realistic Alternatives
- 4. Importance of Clear and Convincing Data
- 5. Unintended Consequences for Consumers and Potential Negative Impact on Access to Credit

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1. Consistent Messaging Sets Foundation for Strong SBA Report

- ACA, DBA, NARCA AND bankers, auto-lenders, payday lenders
- **Identify SERs**
- Each SER should discuss buisness-specific data that furthers an over-arching and consistent narrative regarding:
 - Impact on Small Businesses
 - Cost of credit
 - Non-monetary implications (employee time, counsel time, etc.)
 - Reduction in workforce in response to higher operating costs
 - Inability to operate at a profit
 - Impact on Consumers
 - Reduced access to credit
 - Reduced financial products and services
 - Alternative Proposals

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2. Challenge Underlying Assumptions

- Identify Assumptions
 - What data does the CFPB utilize as the basis for the proposed rules?
 - Confounding Variables
 - Is the data sufficiently limited in scope and accurately applied?
 - For example, is data regarding debt purchase used to substantiate the need for rules for that impact non-purchasing agencies?
- Compare these assumptions with your company's data and industry-wide information
- Support with evidence (data and anecdotal)

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3. Propose Beneficial Alternatives

- Establish that regulation is possible without severe impact on small business & consumer access to credit
- Proposed alternative should explain why the alternative is:
 - Better for Business
 - Less impact on operating costs, cost of credit, etc.
 - Reduced risk of job loss or workforce reduction
 - Less impact on all businesses in credit cycle
 - Better for consumers
 - Access to credit
 - Access to financial products and services
- Consistent across different entities (collectors, creditors, debt buyers, collection lawyers, issuers, etc.)

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4. Provide Data, Data, and More Data

Best way to show the economic impact of the proposed regulation is through concrete empirical evidence.

- Answer questions posed by organizations during the SBREFA Process with company and industry-specific data
 - Must be able to explain relevance in meaningful way
- Explain how similar regulations have had negative impact on businesses and consumers over time
- Point to academic and research studies with similar findings
- Provide as much data as possible
 - SERS can submit confidentially in written response
- Consider written response to attach to SERs written submission (for the record)

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5. Impact on Consumers

- C is for Consumer
- Regulation is onerous on small businesses <u>and</u> presents unintentional harm to consumers
 - Risk/benefit analysis
- Concrete evidence the proposed rules:
 - Will reduce availability of credit
 - Will result in reduction of financial products and services
- Role in the Credit Economy
 - Debt collection is part of the credit cycle and does not operate autonomously

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